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Anterior cervical approach with longitudinal awareness of the cervicothoracic spinal micro-anatomy of membranes and layers – Moving away from horizontal, cross-sectional thinking

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Title; Anterior cervical approach with longitudinal awareness of the cervicothoracic spinal micro-anatomy of membranes and layers.

Background: Anterior Cervical Approaches based on not horizontal but longitudinal cross-sectional thinking(Fig.1), a unified method using the anterior border of Sternocleidomastoid muscle as an indicator can safely reach from the upper to cervicothoracic junction vertebrae.

Research question: The membranes and layers are longitudinal continuous. Wouldn't it be better to first reach the layer under Prevertebral fascia, from a level easier to expose, and then follow this layer to reach the target vertebral level?

Design: We retrospectively investigated respiratory complications in patients undergoing surgery using the anterior cervical approach based on a longitudinal sectional perspective.

Methods: Since February 2018, we have examined postoperative respiratory complications in 57 cases of anterior cervical surgery (M/F: 35/22, mean 66.5 y). Number of lesions at cervical vertebral levels were C2/3: 3 cases, C3/4: 15 cases, C4/5: 33 cases, C5/6: 39 cases, C6/7: 23 cases, C7/T1: 3 cases (including: using the manubrium of sternum splitting T1/2/3 OPLL: 1 case(Fig.2)).

Results; All cases were extubated after surgery. Only one case of C4/5/6 ACCF with a history of cervical radiation therapy required reintubation due to postoperative respiratory failure.

Discussion: Alar fascia is continuous longitudinal from Clivus towards the mediastinum, and Alar fascia is a true fascial layer between the retropharyngeal and danger spaces within the deep cervical region(Fig.3,4). Pretracheal and Prevertebral fascia are also longitudinal aligned. After allowing mobility in each layer from the cervical transverse incision site, the layer under Prevertebral fascia (anterior surface of the vertebral body) that is easy to approach is reached(Fig.5). Then from this layer, we can move to the target vertebral level (C2/3 to C7/T1 is possible).

Fig. 1

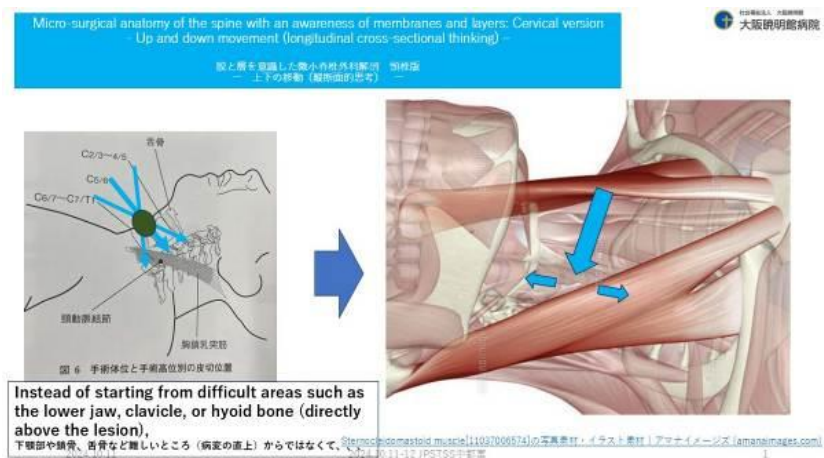


Fig. 2

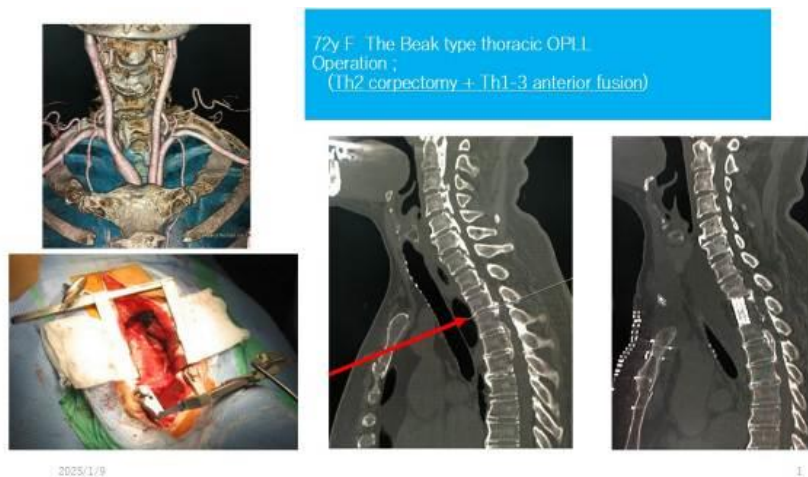


Fig. 3

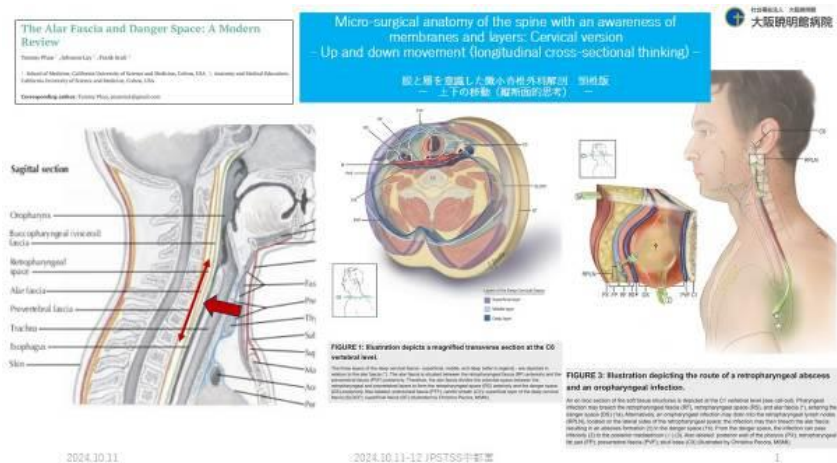


Fig. 4

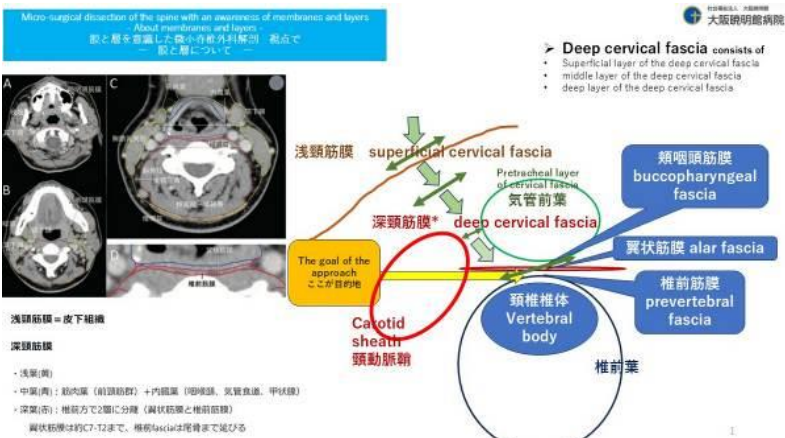


Fig. 5

